

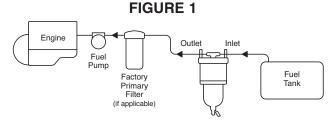
Diesel Fuel/Water Separators



INSTALLATION

A. FILTER MOUNTED ABOVE FUEL STORAGE TANK

- Select a location in the fuel line between the fuel tank and the fuel pump, ahead of the vacuum side filters. All secondary or pressure side filters located between the pump and the engine should be serviced and left in place.
- 2. Mount the DAHL unit vertically on the vacuum (suction) side of all fuel pumps in a convenient location for servicing and inspection of contaminants in the bowl. Locate the height of the unit between the bottom of the fuel tank and the inlet of the fuel pump if possible. See Figure 1.



DAHL recommends a 186-SK Shock Pad Mounting Kit if the

filter will be subject to excessive vibration.

NOTE: Allow 1 1/2 inches vertical clearance below the unit for servicing the element and draining the contaminants.

- Install the fuel line from the fuel tank to the DAHL filter INLET using appropriate non-galvanized fittings. See DAHL Fittings Chart below.
- 4. Install the fuel line from the DAHL filter OUTLET to the INLET of the transfer or fuel pump.

NOTE: To obtain maximum element life, remove as much mechanical restriction as possible from the system by doing the following:

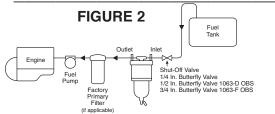
- a. Remove the primary filter (if this does not affect warranty).
- b. Use the largest diameter fuel line that is practical.
- c. Mount the unit as near to the level of the pump as possible.
- d. Eliminate sharp bends in the fuel lines wherever possible.

The best indicator of a fuel element's condition is a vacuum gauge. (See (See 85-V in Form 4005.) A tapped fitting is recommended for mounting the gauge on the OUTLET port of the DAHL filter unit. (Manifold units are already tapped and plugged.) Remove the 1/8 inch plug and install the vacuum gauge there. Prime the filter as indicated under ELEMENT REPLACEMENT section.

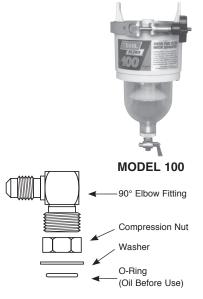
B. FILTER MOUNTED BELOW FUEL STORAGE TANK

Installation procedures are the same as above plus an addition to Step 3: A ball- or butterfly-type shut-off valve must be installed ahead of the DAHL unit INLET. See Figure 2. This valve is necessary to shut off fuel when changing the element. Valves are available from your dealer or by contacting Baldwin Filters.

NOTE: Valve not required when installing DAHL valved manifold units.

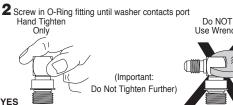


C. STANDARD FITTINGS INSTALLATION/DAHL FITTINGS CHART



Note: Mount Model Before Installing Fittings. O-Ring Seal Fittings Require Care in Installation. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN. See Instructions Below.					
FITTING		THREAD 1	THREAD 2		
90° Elbow Straight Thread with O-Ring/37° Male JIC	1 2	2	9/16-18 UNF 9/16-18 UNF 9/16-18	7/16-20	
90° Elbow Straight Thread with O-Ring/37° Male JIC Drilled & Tapped for #4 Vacuum Gauge H	1 2	2	9/16-18 UNF 9/16-18 UNF 9/16-18 9/16-18 UNF 9/16-18	7/16-20	
37° Male JIC Straight Thread with O-Ring	1 2	2	9/16-18 UNF 9/16-18 UNF	7/16-20 9/16-18	
37° Female JIC Swivel-Push-On Hose Fitting	1 2	2	7/16-20 9/16-18	1/4 Hose 3/8 Hose	
Female Pipe Straight Thread with O-Ring	1 2	2	9/16-18 UNF 9/16-18 UNF	1/4-18 NPT 3/8-18 NPT	







Turn Fitting Counterclockwise to Desired Position 4 Hold fitting by hand in desired position and tighten compression nut with wrench.



CAUTION: Use Low Torque: No More Than 8 Foot Pounds

NOTE: Use Same Procedure for "In" Port.

SERVICING

DRAINING WATER

NOTE: The bowl should always be drained before water or contaminant levels reach the bottom of the depressurizer cone. Check daily with the engine off. Always open the draincock or remove the pipe plug completely to flush particulates out. Failure to do so could cause a leaky valve.

A. DAHL Units Mounted HIGHER Than Fuel Storage Tank

- 1. Turn engine off. Vent the DAHL filter to allow draining.
- Loosen the outlet fitting compression nut (see Illustration 4 on Page 2) and then open the draincock or remove the pipe plug. If your fuel system is equipped with a DAHL primer bulb, open the draincock and squeeze the primer bulb to evacuate all contaminants.

3. Close the draincock or replace the pipe plug and follow the priming instructions shown below.

B. DAHL Units Mounted LOWER Than Fuel Storage Tank

- 1. Turn engine off and close shut-off valve. (Valved Manifold units may be drained and elements replaced with the engine running at idle. Close the inlet and outlet valves to isolate the filter being serviced.)
- Open the draincock or remove the pipe plug completely and drain all contaminants.
- 3. Close the draincock or replace the pipe plug and follow the priming instructions shown below.

ELEMENT REPLACEMENT

A. When To Replace

As a general guideline, depending on fuel quality and engine use, elements should be replaced as follows:

- DAHL 101 is a 2 micron element which can be used approximately 500 hours or 20,000 miles. (DAHL 101-W is a 10 micron element for use in winter or severe applications and DAHL 101-30 is a 30 micron element.)
- 2. If you have a vacuum gauge, the first replacement should be made at the very first indication of power loss at high RPMs. Make a note of the vacuum gauge reading at this point. The differences in various fuel system requirements make it impossible to predict what this reading will be. Mark the reading on the gauge dial or the unit for future element replacement.

B. How To Replace Contaminated Element

- Open the draincock or remove the pipe plug completely to empty the bowl and flush particulates out. Failure to do so could cause a leaky valve.
- 2. Loosen, but don't remove, the lid clamp knob. Support the filter body with your hand prior to release.
- Remove the element with a turning motion. At this point, you may clean the outside of the filter body. Use only clean diesel fuel or kerosene and wipe clean.
- Check the centerpipe O-Ring and replace if hard or damaged.
- 5. Remove and replace the lid gasket. Be sure the lid groove and body lip are clean. (Grease the lid cover gasket before positioning.)

C. Reassembly

- 1. Lubricate the top and bottom element gaskets. Install the element onto the centerpipe with a turning motion.
- Fill the filter body with clean diesel fuel to within one inch of the top.
- 3. Double check the lid cover gasket position in the lid groove.
- 4. Attach the body to the lid and hand tighten the lid clamp knob. Check the circumference of the body and lid for proper clamp alignment. (See "up" arrows on band for correct orientation.)

D. Priming

- 1. Eliminate air use existing fuel system primer, if so equipped.
 - a. If the DAHL primer bulb is installed, loosen the swivel fitting on the outlet port and squeeze the bulb repeatedly until the diesel fuel appears at the swivel. Then tighten the swivel fitting.
 - B. If no primer bulb is installed, remove the inlet port elbow fitting and fill to the top with clean diesel fuel. (Or, if you can pivot the unit upside down, prime it through the bowl plug.)
 - For ease of priming, installation of a primer pump kit (140-50 KIT) with every Model 100 series is recommended.
- 2. Start engine and check for leaks.

NOTE: For any marine or other unit utilizing the heat deflector shield, clean the shield to remove any accumulated diesel fuel.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine starting and power loss problems from the fuel system are usually caused by one or more of the following:

A. Air Leaks

1. **Fittings.** Insure the O-Rings on the fittings in the DAHL filter ports are lubricated and not damaged, cracked or dirty.

NOTE: When using JIC 37° fittings, be sure only mating JIC 37° fittings are used. Misalignment will occur and air leakage will result from an attempt to fasten a 45° fitting to a JIC 37° fitting. Check for fitting looseness, seat dents, misalignment or unmatched threads. All fittings must be wrench tight.

Bubbles In The Bowl. If bubbles appear at the depressurizer cone, a leak is indicated between the fuel tank and the inlet port.

NOTE: Old fuel lines (rubber hose or metal tubing) may crack when moved. Check areas around push-on fittings, pipe adapters, hose clamps, etc. If air bubbles appear at the draincock, check for particles stuck in the valve seat or a partly open draincock. Also check for defective, miscentered or unlubricated bowl gaskets. Check the bowl plug O-Ring to make sure it is not cracked or extruded out of place. The bowl plug should be hand tightened only.

Gaskets. If the lid or bowl has been removed, make sure the gasket grooves are clean. Inspect the gaskets for proper seating in the grooves. Lubricate the gasket(s) with oil or grease.

B. Clogging And Restriction

- Fuel Lines. Check for collapsed lines caused by sharp bends or excessive turns. Check the tank and/or filter shut-off valve(s).
- 2. Filter Elements. Early clogging can occur from badly contaminated fuel (micro-organism growth, rust, sludge, dirt, etc.) Always carry a spare DAHL element. Asphaltinic materials (fuel oxidation products), which are normally harmless to the injection system, can eventually plug original equipment filters remaining in the fuel system. If problems persist after the DAHL element has been replaced, also replace the other fuel filter elements.
- 3. **Filter Inlet.** Severely contaminated fuel may cause inlet plugging. In this event, close the fuel tank supply shut-off valve (if equipped) and disconnect the inlet line. Remove the bowl and clean the inlet. Should the depressurizer cone also be plugged, disassemble and clean out.
- 4. Bleed Back. If fuel in the DAHL filter bleeds back to the fuel tank, an air leak or reverse flow valve problem is indicated. Inspect fuel lines and fittings first as indicated above. If the reverse flow valve is clogged, use air or clean fuel to flush out.

C. Malfunction Of Engine Parts

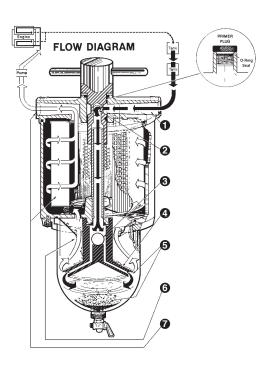
Pre-existing conditions in pumps and injectors can also cause power loss and engine starting problems. See your equipment dealer if the above troubleshooting guides do not cover your problem.

REBUILD PROCEDURE

If it is ever necessary to dismantle the unit for inspection and/or possible repairs, refer to the parts illustration. Then follow these simple steps:

- 1. Refer to the appropriate ELEMENT REPLACEMENT steps for disassembly. (Dismount if desired.)
- Remove the socket head bolts from the bowl ring to release the bowl. Stubborn bolts are easily removed by "shocking" the head. Place the allen wrench into the bolt and lightly rap the wrench with a hammer. Remove the bolt.
- 3. Unscrew the depressurizer cone to inspect the reverse flow valve. **Caution:** Cone edges are sharp. Use gloves or a rag for protection.
- Check all parts for damage. Replace all damaged parts or hard gaskets. (Order 100-GK — Gaskets for 100 Series.)
- 5. Refer to the parts illustration for reassembly. Clean all gasket grooves and contact surfaces of foreign matter. Coat the lid cover gasket with grease and all other gaskets and O-Rings with diesel fuel. Hand tighten the depressurizer cone and wrench tighten the socket head bolts.
- Again, refer to ELEMENT REPLACEMENT section to finish reassembly.

HOW THE DAHL SYSTEM WORKS



- 1. The contaminated fuel enters the inlet port.
- The T-Bolt redirects the fuel downward through the centerpipe.
- 3. Fuel flows through the reverse flow valve.
- 4. Fuel flow is spread by the depressurizer cone.
- 5. As fuel is discharged from the depressurizer cone, 80% of contaminant separation takes place. Most of the solid particles and water settle into the quiet zone of the bowl.
- As the fuel rises upward, any remaining minute water droplets coalesce on the cone, baffle and bowl surfaces.
 Droplet size and weight gradually increase, causing downward flow into the sump.
- Fuel is filtered completely by the element, which contains HydroShield™ media. The clean fuel then continues upward through the outlet port and on to the pump and injection system.

PARTS & SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL 100 SPECIFICATIONS

Recommended Flow Rate:	
(For Optimum Element Life & Sep	aration Efficiency)
Single Model 100 Series	40 GPH (U.S.) (151 LPH)
Double Model 100 Series	80 GPH (U.S.) (302 LPH)
Maximum Flow Rate:	
Single Model 100 Series	65 GPH (U.S.) (246 LPH)
Double Model 100 Series	130 GPH (U.S.) (492 LPH)
Flow Resistance:	0.75 In. Mercury
Maximum Working Pressure:	25 PSI (172 kPa)
Temperature Range:	-50° to +225°F (-45° to +107°C)
Port Thread:	
Single Units	
Double Units	1/4-18 NPT
Overall Height:	
Width:	5 1/2 ln. (139.7 mm)
Depth:	6 1/2 ln. (165.1 mm)
Dry Weight:	5 lbs. (2.27 kg)
Element Removal Clearance:	1 1/2 ln. (38.1 mm)
Sump Capacity:	8 oz. (236 ml)
Seal Material:	
Element Number:	,
	101-W (10 Micron)
	101-30 (30 Micron)
Element Material:	Resin Impregnated Cellulose

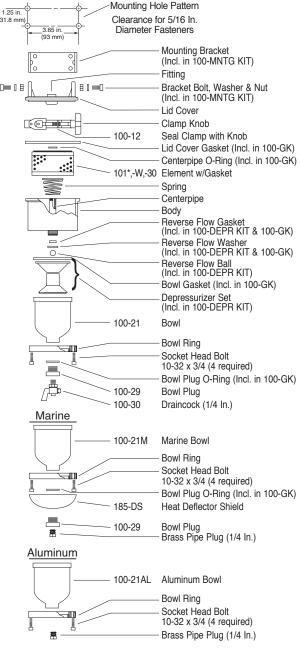
NOTE: For Marine Versions of the DAHL Model 100, refer to Form 4123.

ACCESSORIES

(All Inlet & Outlet Fittings Require O-Ring Seals)

(All fillet & Outlet I fittings nequire O-hing Seals)	
Aluminum Bowl100-21/	٩L
Clear Bowl w/Water Sensor Probes 100-21E	3P
Clear Bowl w/Heater Probes100-21	Н
Clear Bowl w/Water Sensor and Heater Probes 100-21HBP OF	38
Clear Bowl w/Marine Collar for Marine Units 100-21	M
Fittings See DAHL Fittings Cha	art
Heat Deflector Shield for Marine Units	S
Heater Kit	ΞK
Shock Pad Mounting Kit	ЗK
Water Sensor Warning Light Kit (Use with 100-21BP)	
12 Volt DC12-WLK OE	3S
24 Volt DC24-WI	_K
Hand Primers	
1/4 In. Fuel Hose140-25 KIT OE	38
3/8 In. Fuel Hose140-50 K	ΊT

WARNING: DO NOT use gasoline or any form of alcohol or anything which drys the skin inside or outside a DAHL Model 100 Series Fuel/Water Separator.



^{*} Standard with Unit Unless Stated

IN-FILTER HEATER KITS

Diesel fuel can become a problem in cold weather. Wax forms, plugging fuel lines and filters. DAHL has Model 100-H diesel fuel filter/water separators with the 55-EK Heater Kit included. Or you can retrofit DAHL Model 100 series diesel fuel filter/water separators with the 55-EK Heater Kit.

The 55-EK Heater Kit features an electric heating element between the body and the filter element. This simultaneously heats the filter element and the fuel around it.

An illuminated toggle switch conveniently located in the operator's area makes it easy to turn on and off. The unit is simple to install and operate. No seasonal adjustment or other maintenance is needed.

55-EK		
Numbers	Description & (Quantity)	
	Heater Element (1)	
100-21H	Heater Probes in Clear Bowl (1)	
Incl. in 100-GK	Bowl Gasket (1)	
	Toggle Switch and Connectors	
	Instructions	

55-EK has Replaced the 45-EK

DAHL FUEL/WATER SEPARATORS

WHY DAHL?

Filters are a compromise wherever located. As a one-step strainer, a filter must be porous enough to allow sufficient flow volume. This means the filters which came with the equipment are usually in the 10-30 micron range.

However, if a more efficient media were used, the filter would become clogged very quickly, restricting the flow and resulting in frequent, costly element changes.

Not only that, many fuel filters are not designed to remove significant amounts of water, even though water is a primary cause of injector pump and nozzle damage.

Water and solid contaminants displace the diesel fuels lubricative coating on precision injection components. The loss of this protection results in wear, erosion, surface pitting and eventual fuel pressure loss.

THE SOLUTION

DAHL's functional dual chamber, 3-stage diesel fuel filter/water separators provide efficient suction side water separation and contaminant filtration. The key is the unique DAHL patented depressurizer cone, which spreads the flow of the fuel. The fact is, the more area to flow over, the slower the flow and the greater the separation of water and dirt from the fuel. DAHL diesel fuel filter/water separators have less mechanical flow resistance because the fuel changes direction only once.

BALDWIN LIMITED WARRANTY

Baldwin Filters warrants each new Baldwin or DAHL Filter Product to be free from defects in workmanship and material as follows:

- 1. **Housings** one year from date of user's purchase.
- 2. **Electronics, Pumps and Motors** 90 days from date of user's purchase.
- 3. **Replaceable Elements, Spin-ons, Etc.** during equipment manufacturer's recommended filter service interval, if properly installed in a Baldwin recommended application.

Baldwin will replace or repair at its option, free of charge, any part still in the Baldwin warranty period found by Baldwin's inspection to be defective when such product is returned to place of purchase or to Baldwin Filters with transportation charges prepaid.

Specifically excluded from this warranty is damage resulting from excessive force, negligence, abuse, misuse, misapplication, tampering, improper installation, fire or accident. The warranty will not apply to any filter which has been cut apart or subject to tampering. Also, damage to plastic parts of fuel/water separators caused by the use of fluids containing alcohol is not covered by this warranty. Full details of this warranty are in the Policy and Procedures Manual at the Baldwin or DAHL distributor or may be obtained from Baldwin's Service Engineering Department.

Baldwin Filters Kearney NE 68848-6010 (800) 822-5394

COMPLETE EFFICIENCY

DAHL removes virtually 100% of the water and solid contaminants.

PROVEN PERFORMANCE

DAHL diesel fuel/water separators have been tested and proven over millions of miles and hours under all sorts of conditions. Ask anyone who has used DAHL, or any Baldwin user, as Baldwin Filters makes DAHL products.

CLEAN FUEL

DAHL eliminates nearly all of the engine problems caused by water and solid contaminants in diesel fuel. In addition to saving you the cost of expensive repair bills and aggravation, you can expect:

- Longer Injection System Component Life
- Full Power Performance
- · Less Element Replacement Cost

SUPERIOR ENGINEERING

- Die Cast aluminum
- · Impact-resistant large transparent or aluminium bowl
- Element service life is several times longer than conventional
- · Easy to install, service and clean
- Positive air elimination
- · Advanced spring design assures positive element seal
- Less mechanical resistance because of streamlined flow path
- Baffle system is designed to stop emulsification and disperse trapped air
- Ball check valve to stop reverse flow
- Six series specifically designed to fit diesel engines of various capacities

Authorized Dealer



WARNING: These products can expose you to chemicals, including Diisononyl Phthalate, Carbon black extracts, Nickel, 1,3 Butadiene, Ethylene Oxide, Epichlorohydrin, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Bisphenol-A, Ethylene Glycol, Ethylene Oxide, 1,3 Butadiene, Epichlorohydrin, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to **www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.**